

CITY OF SUBLIMITY, OREGON ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2022

<u>MAYOR</u>

Jim Kingsbury, Mayor

<u>CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS</u>

Michael Taylor	December 31, 2024
Jim Crowther	December 31, 2024
Brian Schumacher	December 31, 2022
Tass Morrison	December 31, 2022

The above individuals may be contacted at the address below.

<u>CITY ADMINISTRATION</u>

Myrna Harding, Finance/Office Manager

MAILING ADDRESS

City Hall 245 NW Johnson Street P.O. Box 146 Sublimity, Oregon 97385 Term Expires

December 31, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Jim Kingsbury, Mayor and Members of the City Council 245 NW Johnson Street P.O. Box 146 Sublimity, Oregon 97385

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sublimity, Oregon (the City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sublimity, Oregon as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in the notes to the financial statements.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Sublimity and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter — Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to the notes to financial statements, which describe the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in the notes to the financial statements; and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with U.S. GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with U.S. GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, combining nonmajor fund financial statements, and other schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 22, 2022, on our consideration of the City's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By:

Ryan T. Pasquarella, A Shareholder November 22, 2022

CITY OF SUBLIMITY MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2022

As management of the City of Sublimity, we offer readers of the financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	June 30,					
		2022	2021			Change
Net position	\$	15,163,708	\$	13,371,783	\$	1,791,925
Change in net position		1,791,925		2,037,458		(245,533)
Governmental activities net position		5,417,220		4,964,039		453,181
Business-type activities net position		9,746,488		8,407,744		1,338,744
Change in governmental net assets		453,181		719,455		(266,274)
Change in proprietary net assets		1,338,744		1,318,003		20,741

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The Statement of Net Position. The statement of net position (modified cash basis) presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the City as of the date on the statement. Net position is what remains after the liabilities have been paid off or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities*. The *statement of activities (modified cash basis)* presents information showing how the net position of the City changed over the most recent fiscal year by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net position.

Fund financial statements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City of Sublimity's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements primary focus is on individual major funds. Such information may be useful in evaluating each funds' financing requirements.

Proprietary funds. The City charges customers for the services it provides. These services are generally reported in enterprise funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents supplementary information including the combining fund financial statements and individual fund budgetary comparisons.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Statement of Net Position. The following table reflects a statement of net position of governmental and proprietary funds compared to the prior year. Detail of this summary is presented on page 11.

		2022		2021					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Cash and investments	\$ 4,267,578	\$ 6,885,345	\$ 11,152,923	\$ 3,566,415	\$ 5,519,610	\$ 9,086,025			
Capital assets, net	1,471,862	2,912,699	4,384,561	1,461,614	2,933,789	4,395,403			
Total Assets	5,739,440	9,798,044	15,537,484	5,028,029	8,453,399	13,481,428			
Other liabilities	307,631	14,994	322,625	52,339	13,294	65,633			
Long-term liabilities	14,589	36,562	51,151	11,651	32,361	44,012			
Total Liabilities	322,220	51,556	373,776	63,990	45,655	109,645			
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	1,471,862	2,912,699	4,384,561	1,461,614	2,933,789	4,395,403			
Restricted	2,586,040	2,736,759	5,322,799	2,223,030	2,240,010	4,463,040			
Unrestricted	1,359,318	4,097,030	5,456,348	1,279,395	3,233,945	4,513,340			
Total Net Position	\$ 5,417,220	\$ 9,746,488	\$ 15,163,708	\$ 4,964,039	\$ 8,407,744	\$ 13,371,783			

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$15.2 million as of June 30, 2022.

Net investment in capital assets represents the City's net book value (cost less accumulated depreciation) of its capital assets, less remaining debt which was incurred to acquire those capital assets.

Net position - restricted represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use, such as construction of capital assets.

Net position - unrestricted represents resources that are available for general operations of the City.

Statement of Activities. The following table reflects a change in activities for governmental and proprietary funds compared to the prior year. Detail of this summary is presented on pages 12-13.

		2022		2021					
		Business-			Business-				
	Governmental Activities	type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	type Activities	Total			
Revenues									
Program Revenues									
Charges for service	\$ 64,820	\$ 1,813,110	\$ 1,877,930	\$ 187,675	\$ 1,722,381	\$ 1,910,056			
Operating grants and contributions	249,992	-	249,992	220,082	-	220,082			
Capital grants and contributions	232,478	382,832	615,310	398,995	638,990	1,037,985			
General Revenues									
Property taxes	202,950	-	202,950	189,258	-	189,258			
Franchise taxes	115,793	-	115,793	107,606	-	107,606			
Other taxes	54,694	-	54,694	38,411	-	38,411			
Intergovernmental	145,612	315,586	461,198	189,664	-	189,664			
Other	29,965	51,673	81,638	26,212	48,797	75,009			
Total Revenues	1,096,304	2,563,201	3,659,505	1,357,903	2,410,168	3,768,071			
Expenses									
General government	158,412	-	158,412	188,212	-	188,212			
Public safety	201,013	-	201,013	185,310	-	185,310			
Community development	28,857	-	28,857	34,368	-	34,368			
Public works	151,708	-	151,708	148,590	-	148,590			
Culture and recreation	103,133	-	103,133	92,352	-	92,352			
Water	-	386,162	386,162	-	348,468	348,468			
Sewer	-	838,295	838,295	-	733,313	733,313			
Total Expenses	643,123	1,224,457	1,867,580	648,832	1,081,781	1,730,613			
Change in Net Position	453,181	1,338,744	1,791,925	719,455	1,318,003	2,037,458			
Beginning Net Position	4,964,039	8,407,744	13,371,783	4,244,584	7,089,741	11,334,325			
Ending Net Position	\$ 5,417,220	\$ 9,746,488	\$ 15,163,708	\$ 4,964,039	\$ 8,407,744	\$ 13,371,783			

The City's net position increased \$1,791,925 in the current fiscal year. The key elements of the change in the City's net position for the year ended June 30, 2022 compared to the prior year are:

- \$422,675 decrease in capital grants and contributions was primarily due to increased SDC fees in the prior year that did not occur again in the current year.
- \$271,534 increase in intergovernmental revenues was primarily due to CARES Act funds received due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Program expenses in culture and recreation, water, and sewer increased slightly due to increases in personnel costs and materials and services. However, management continues to hold most expenses stable in order to create reserves for future infrastructure projects.

Financial Analysis of the City's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information by each major fund's funding for future basic services. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$3,959,947 at June 30, 2022, a 13% increase.

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. The fund balance was \$1,373,907 as of June 30, 2022. The fund balance increased by \$82,861 during the current fiscal year, due to most revenues increasing, particularly intergovernmental revenues as a result of receiving CARES Act funds due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenditures and transfers out also increased slightly. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Fund balance represents 366% of total General Fund expenditures. The General Fund actual expenditures were \$319,328 less than budgeted expenditures during the current year.

Street Fund. The Street Fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures related to the City's streets. The funds primary source of revenues is ODOT apportionment (State gas tax). The fund balance of \$352,503 at June 30, 2022 represents a \$1,088 increase. The increase was due to fewer capital outlay expenditures for street projects, while revenues also decreased to a lesser extent.

Street SDC Fund. The Street SDC fund is used to account for system development revenues and capital projects related to streets. The fund balance of \$1,084,245 at June 30, 2022 represents a \$94,317 increase due to system development charges collected during the year. The Division Street Storm Drain Project was partially funded by system development charges during the year.

Proprietary funds. The City's proprietary fund statements provide information related to the separate water and sewer operations.

The total proprietary fund net position increased \$1,338,744 in the current fiscal year. Significant items regarding proprietary funds are as follows:

- *Sewer Operations* funds reported an increase of \$520,521 in fund net position. This is due mainly to an increase in system development charges along with relatively stable operating income. This increase was planned in order to develop a reserve for future infrastructure projects.
- *Water Operations* funds reported an increase of \$818,223 in fund net position. This is due mainly to an increase in system development charges along with relatively stable operating income, resulting in a planned increase in order to develop a reserve for future infrastructure projects.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. The City's investment in capital assets includes land and water rights, buildings, infrastructure, equipment and construction in progress. As of June 30, 2022, the City had invested \$4,384,561 in capital assets, net of depreciation, as shown in the following table:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Total				
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022		2021	
Land and water rights	\$	417,254	\$	383,329	\$	943,584	\$	929,043	\$	1,360,838	\$	1,312,372
Construction in progress		-		201,507		-		24,775		-		226,282
Buildings		693,626		693,626		-		-		693,626		693,626
Equipment		252,885		240,685		234,275		207,947		487,160		448,632
Infrastructure		587,060		364,322		-		-		587,060		364,322
Water system		-		-		2,690,322		2,611,166		2,690,322		2,611,166
Sewer system		-		-		2,241,504		2,241,504		2,241,504		2,241,504
Accumulated depreciation		(478,963)		(421,855)	((3,196,986)	(3,080,646)		(3,675,949)		(3,502,501)
Net capital assets	\$	1,471,862	\$	1,461,614	\$	2,912,699	\$	2,933,789	\$	4,384,561	\$	4,395,403

The City's investment in capital assets decreased \$10,842 during the fiscal year due to depreciation expense exceeding current year additions.

Additional information regarding the City's capital assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements of this report.

Long-term liabilities. The City had no debt outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year. Additional information on compensated absences can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements of this report.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City Council did not make any adjustments to the adopted budget of the General Fund during the current year. The General Fund actual expenditures were \$319,328 less than budgeted expenditures during the current year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The City's Budget Committee considered all the following factors while preparing the budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

- Expected rates and consumption for business-type funds
- Staffing requirements and the desired level of service
- Capital outlay

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

City of Sublimity Attn: Myrna Harding, Finance/Office Manager P.O. Box 146 Sublimity, Oregon 97385 (503)769-5475 **BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (MODIFIED CASH BASIS)

JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		Totals	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	4,267,578	\$ 6,885,345	\$ 11,152,923
Capital assets:				
Non-depreciable		417,255	943,584	1,360,839
Other capital assets, net		1,054,607	1,969,115	3,023,722
Total Assets		5,739,440	 9,798,044	 15,537,484
LIABILITIES				
Payroll liabilities		4,562	-	4,562
Due to other governmental agencies		47,069	-	47,069
Deposits refundable		256,000	14,994	270,994
Long-term obligations:				
Compensated absences, due within one year		14,589	 36,562	 51,151
Total Liabilities		322,220	51,556	373,776
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets		1,471,862	2,912,699	4,384,561
Restricted for:				
Highway and streets		438,121	-	438,121
Culture and recreation		110,927	-	110,927
Capital projects		2,036,992	2,736,759	4,773,751
Unrestricted		1,359,318	 4,097,030	 5,456,348
Total Net Position	\$	5,417,220	\$ 9,746,488	\$ 15,163,708

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (MODIFIED CASH BASIS)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Revenues							
	1	Expenses		Fees, Fines and Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital cants and atributions		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	158,412	\$	7,457	\$	-	\$	-		
Public safety		201,013		-		4,218		-		
Community development		28,857		43,341		-		-		
Public works		151,708		5,880		245,774		115,253		
Culture and recreation		103,133		8,142		-		117,225		
Total Governmental activities		643,123		64,820		249,992		232,478		
Business-type activities:										
Water		386,162		666,408		-		195,428		
Sewer		838,295	1	,146,702		-		187,404		
Total Business-type activities		1,224,457	1	,813,110		-		382,832		
Total Activities	\$	1,867,580	\$ 1	,877,930	\$	249,992	\$	615,310		

Property taxes Franchise taxes Other taxes Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net Position - beginning of year

Net Position - end of year

	(Expenses) Reven hanges in Net Po	
Governm ental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
\$ (150,955) (196,795)	\$ - -	\$ (150,955) (196,795)
14,484	-	14,484
215,199	-	215,199
22,234	-	22,234
(95,833)	-	(95,833)
_	475,674	475,674
-	495,811	495,811
	971,485	971,485
(95,833)	971,485	875,652
202,950	-	202,950
115,793	-	115,793
54,694	-	54,694
145,612	315,586	461,198
24,663	35,292	59,955
5,302	16,381	21,683
549,014	367,259	916,273
453,181	1,338,744	1,791,925
4,964,039	8,407,744	13,371,783
\$ 5,417,220	\$ 9,746,488	\$ 15,163,708

CITY OF SUBLIMITY, OREGON BALANCE SHEET (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2022

			Speci	al Revenue	Cap	ital Projects
	General Streets		Streets	Street SDC		
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	1,681,538	\$	352,503	\$	1,084,245
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE						
Liabilities:	\$	4 560	\$		\$	
Payroll liabilities	Э	4,562 47,069	Ф	-	Ф	-
Due to other governmental agencies		<i>,</i>		-		-
Deposits refundable		256,000		-		-
Total Liabilities		307,631		-		-
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Highways and streets		-		352,503		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-
Capital projects		-		-		1,084,245
Unrestricted		1,373,907		-		-
Total Fund Balances		1,373,907		352,503		1,084,245
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,681,538	\$	352,503	\$	1,084,245

'on-major vernmental	 Total
\$ 1,149,292	\$ 4,267,578
\$ -	\$ 4,562
-	47,069
-	 256,000
-	307,631
85,618	438,121
110,927	110,927
952,747	2,036,992
-	1,373,907
1,149,292	3,959,947
\$ 1,149,292	\$ 4,267,578

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Fund Balances	\$ 3,959,947
Capital assets are not financial resources in governmental funds, but are reported in the Statement of Net Position at their net depreciable value:	
Capital assets, cost	1,950,825
Accumulated depreciation	(478,963)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	 (14,589)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 5,417,220

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Speci	al Revenue	Capi	ital Projects	
	General		Streets	Street SDC		
REVENUES						
Taxes and assessments	\$ 202,950	\$	-	\$	-	
Charges for services	-		5,680		-	
Franchise fees	115,793		-		-	
Licenses and permits	50,799		200		-	
System development charges	-		-		88,798	
Intergovernmental	140,197		247,579		-	
Interest	11,283		2,022		5,829	
Miscellaneous	 9,517		-		-	
Total Revenues	530,539		255,481		94,627	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
General government	145,807		-		-	
Public safety	201,014		-		-	
Community development	28,857		-		-	
Public works	-		128,867		310	
Culture and recreation	-		-		-	
Capital acquisitions	 -		40,026		-	
Total Expenditures	 375,678		168,893		310	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	154,861		86,588		94,317	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-		-		-	
Transfers out	 (72,000)		(85,500)		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (72,000)		(85,500)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	82,861		1,088		94,317	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	 1,291,046		351,415		989,928	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 1,373,907	\$	352,503	\$	1,084,245	

on-major vernmental	 Total
\$ 54,694 8,142 129,470 17,820 5,531	\$ 257,644 5,680 115,793 59,141 218,268 405,596 24,665 9,517
215,657	 1,096,304
- - 61,992 43,560	145,807 201,014 28,857 129,177 61,992 83,586
105,552	 650,433
110,105	445,871
157,500	157,500 (157,500)
157,500	-
 267,605	445,871
 881,687	 3,514,076
\$ 1,149,292	\$ 3,959,947

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 445,871
Capital acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, the Statement of Activities allocates the cost of capital acquisitions over the estimated useful life as depreciation expense.	
Capital acquisitions	67,355
Depreciation	(57,108)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use	
of current fund resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures	
in the governmental funds.	
Compensated absences	 (2,937)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 453,181

STATEMENT OF FUND NET POSITION (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Sewer Operations			Water perations	Total		
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	4,248,424	\$	2,636,921	\$	6,885,345	
Capital Assets							
Non-depreciable		611,198		332,386		943,584	
Other capital assets, net		977,117		991,998		1,969,115	
Total Capital Assets, net		1,588,315		1,324,384		2,912,699	
Total Assets		5,836,739		3,961,305	9,798,044		
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Deposits refundable		-		14,994		14,994	
Compensated absences payable		17,946		18,616		36,562	
Total Current Liabilities		17,946		33,610		51,556	
FUND NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:		1,588,315		1,324,384		2,912,699	
		1,288,902		1,447,857		2,736,759	
Capital projects Unrestricted		2,941,576		1,447,837 1,155,454		4,097,030	
omesticieu		2,71,370		1,155,754			
Total Fund Net Position	\$	5,818,793	\$	3,927,695	\$	9,746,488	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Sewer Operations Water Operations **Total OPERATING REVENUES** \$ \$ 1,146,702 666,408 \$ 1,813,110 Charges for services **OPERATING EXPENSES** Personal services 166,023 172,715 338,738 155,694 Materials and services 613,686 769,380 Depreciation 58,587 57,752 116,339 Total Operating Expenses 838,296 386,161 1,224,457 **OPERATING INCOME** 308,406 280,247 588,653 NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Intergovernmental 2,385 5,350 7,735 22,326 Interest revenues 12,968 35,294 **Miscellaneous** 324,230 324,230 Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) 24,711 342,548 367,259 **NET INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS** AND TRANSFERS 333,117 622,795 955,912 Capital contributions 187,404 195,428 382,832 CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION 520,521 818,223 1,338,744 FUND NET POSITION, beginning of year 5,298,272 3,109,472 8,407,744 FUND NET POSITION, end of year \$ 5,818,793 \$ 3,927,695 \$ 9,746,488

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 Sewer Dperations	0	Water perations	 Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,146,702	\$	668,108	\$ 1,814,810
Payments to suppliers	(613,686)		(155,694)	(769,380)
Payments to employees	 (164,063)		(170,473)	 (334,536)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	368,953		341,941	710,894
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES				
Miscellaneous	-		324,230	324,230
Intergovernmental	 2,385		5,350	 7,735
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Noncapital				
Financing Activities	2,385		329,580	331,965
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of capital assets	(19,470)		(75,779)	(95,249)
System development charges received	 187,404		195,428	 382,832
Net Cash Provided by Capital and Related Financing Activities	167,934		119,649	287,583
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on cash and investments	 22,326		12,968	 35,294
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS	561,598		804,138	 1,365,736
Cash and Investments, Beginning of Year	3,686,826		1,832,783	5,519,609
Cash and Investments, End of Year	\$ 4,248,424	\$	2,636,921	\$ 6,885,345

	Sewer Operations		0	Water perations	Total		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO							
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES							
Operating income	\$	308,406	\$	280,247	\$	588,653	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities							
provided by operating activities							
Depreciation		58,587		57,752		116,339	
Increase (decrease) in liability accounts							
Deposits refundable		-		1,700		1,700	
Compensated absences payable		1,960		2,242		4,202	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	368,953	\$	341,941	\$	710,894	
	÷		Ŷ		÷	, 10,071	
NON-CASH TRANSACTIONS							
Transfer of capital assets	\$	(5,192)	\$	(5,192)	\$	(10,384)	

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The City of Sublimity in Marion County, Oregon was established in 1903. The City provides basic services to the citizens within the city limits. Control of the City is vested in its Mayor and Council members who are elected to office by voters within the City. Administrative functions are delegated to individuals who report to and are responsible to the Council. The Chief Administrative Officer is the Mayor.

There are certain governmental agencies and various service districts which provide services within the City. These agencies have independently elected governing boards and the City is not financially accountable for these organization. Therefore, financial information for these agencies is not included in the accompanying basic financial statements.

As discussed further under *Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting*, these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). These modified cash basis financial statements generally meet the presentation and disclosure requirements applicable to GAAP, in substance, but are limited to the elements presented in the financial statements and the constraints of the measurement and recognition criteria of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Basic Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. These statements focus on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. These aggregated statements consist of the Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) and the Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis).

The *Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis)* presents all the assets and liabilities of the City. Net position, representing assets less liabilities, is shown in three components: investment in capital assets, restricted for special purposes, and unrestricted, the amount available for ongoing City activities.

The *Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis)* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental and proprietary. Currently, the City has governmental (general, special revenue, capital projects) and proprietary type funds. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column within each fund type in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplementary information.

Basis of Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures /expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements.

Government accounting standards set forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the government and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those requiring separate accounting in another fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, franchise fees and State shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for general operation and administration.

Street Fund - Expenditures of this fund are restricted under Article IX of the Constitution of the State of Oregon for construction, reconstruction, improvement, repair, maintenance, operation and use of public highways, roads and streets within the City. Principal revenues include state gas tax apportionment, federal and state grants, and other charges for services.

Street SDC - Accounts for the development and improvement of City streets.

Storm Water SDC – Accounts for the development and improvement of City stormwater facilities.

The proprietary funds are used to account for the acquisition, operation, and maintenance of the sewer and water systems. These funds are entirely or predominantly self-supported through user charges to customers. The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Operations - Accounts for the operations, maintenance, debt service payments and capital construction projects for the water system, which is funded mainly through utility and construction fees.

Sewer Operations - Accounts for the operations, maintenance, and capital construction projects for the sewer system, which is funded mainly through utility and construction fees.

Fund Balance

In governmental funds, the City's policy is to first apply the expenditures toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

Fund balance is reported as nonspendable when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories, prepaids and deposits, and assets held for resale.

Fund balance is reported as restricted when the constraints placed on the use of resources are either: (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Fund balance is reported as committed when the City Council takes formal action that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the commitment at any time through taking a similar formal action.

Resources that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as assigned fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves which resources should be "reserved" during the adoption of the annual budget. The City's Finance/Office Manager uses that information to determine whether those resources should be classified as assigned or unassigned for presentation in the City's Annual Financial Report.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report any negative fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Capital Projects Funds are utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital equipment and facilities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe what transactions or events are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when and how transactions or events are recorded, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position (Modified Cash Basis) and Statement of Activities (Modified Cash Basis), both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resource measurement focus, within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus is applied to the modified cash basis of accounting, is used as appropriate:

- a. All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- b. The proprietary funds utilize an economic resource measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, change in net position (or cost recovery), net financial position, and cash flows. All assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows (whether current or noncurrent or financial or nonfinancial) associated with their activities are generally reported within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than GAAP as established by GASB. This basis of accounting involves modifications to the cash basis of accounting to report in the statements of net position or balance sheets cash transactions or events that provide a benefit or result in an obligation that covers a period greater than the period in which the cash transaction or event occurred. Such reported balances include:

- 1. Interfund receivables and payables that are temporary borrowing and result from transactions involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized.
- 2. Assets that normally convert to cash or cash equivalents (e.g., certificates of deposit, external cash pools, and marketable investments) that arise from transactions and events involving cash or cash equivalents are recognized.
- 3. Liabilities for cash (or cash equivalents) held on behalf of others or held in escrow are recognized.
- 4. Capital assets for which cash is expended for the asset and then depreciated over its useful life.
- 5. Liabilities for which cash is received and then repaid over the loan period.

The modified cash basis of accounting differs from GAAP primarily because certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected and other accrued revenue and receivables) and certain liabilities and their related expenses or expenditures (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods and services received but not yet paid and other accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements. In addition, other economic assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that do not arise from a cash transaction or event are not reported, and the measurement of reported assets and liabilities does not involve adjustment to fair value. Additionally, capital assets such as property and equipment, and long-term liabilities such as debt are only reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

If the City utilized the basis of accounting recognized as generally accepted in the United States of America, the fund financial statements for the governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting, and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds would use the accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The City's policy, although not in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, is acceptable under Oregon Law (ORS 294.333), which leaves the selection of the method of accounting to the discretion of the municipal corporation.

Proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses and non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services to customers in connection with ongoing utility operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for service. Operating expenses include payroll and related costs, and materials and supplies. All revenues not considered operating are reported as non-operating items.

Cash and Investments

The City maintains cash and investments in a common pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed as cash and investments. The City considers cash on hand, demand deposits and savings accounts, and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash and cash equivalents.

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, general obligations of U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool, among others.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool are state at cost, which approximates fair value.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by Marion County Assessor and collected by Marion County Tax Collector. The taxes are levied and become a lien as of July 1. They may be paid in three installments payable in equal payments due November 15, February 15, and May 15. The City's property tax collection records show that most of the property taxes due are collected during the year of levy and delinquent taxes are collected in the next few years.

As the basic financial statements are presented on the modified cash basis, uncollected property taxes are not reported. Property taxes are recorded as revenue when received.

Capital Assets

Capital assets (items costing more than \$5,000 and lasting more than one year) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities financial statements and in the notes to the financial statements. In the fund statements, capital assets are charged as expenditures/expenses as purchased. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost where records are available. Donated assets are not recorded. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Replacements which improve or extend the lives of property are capitalized.

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated unless they are inexhaustible in nature (e.g., land and right-of-ways). Depreciation is an accounting process to allocate the cost of capital assets in a systematic and rational manner to those periods expected to benefit from the use of capital assets. Depreciation is not intended to represent an estimate in the decline of fair market value, nor are capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, intended to represent an estimate of the current condition of the assets, or the maintenance requirements needed to maintain the assets at their current level of condition.

Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis. The estimated useful lives of the various categories of assets are as follows:

Buildings	15 - 50 years
Improvements	10 - 50 years
Equipment	5 - 20 years
Distribution and collection systems	10 - 50 years

Upon disposal of capital assets, cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts.

Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is presented in the government-wide and notes to the financial statements. In the fund financial statements, payments of principal and interest are recorded as expenditures/expenses when paid. There was no long-term debt at June 30, 2022.

Accrued Compensated Absences

Vacation Leave

The City has a policy which permits employees to earn vacation leave at a rate determined by length of employment up to a maximum of 360 hours. Any balance will be paid upon the employee's termination of employment.

Sick Leave

The City has a policy which permits full-time employees to earn sick leave at the rate of one day per month up to a maximum of 500 hours. Sick leave can be used after you have passed the 12-month probationary period, however sick leave will begin accruing after your first pay cycle. The City does not compensate the employees for unused hours at termination of employment. Part – time employees accrue leave based on State Law.

Comp Time

The City has a policy which permits employees to accrue comp time that is calculated at 1.5 times the actual overtime hours worked, up to 80 hours, to be used within one year of when it is accrued, and prior to using vacation time. Employees, who have more than 80 hours, may be "cashed out" for hours greater than 80 within budgetary limits. When an employee is separated from employment with the City, any remaining comp time is payable to the employee.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City adopts the budget on a program basis, therefore, expenditures of a fund may not legally exceed that fund's appropriation for a program. The City Council may amend the budget to expend unforeseen revenues by passing a Supplemental Budget Resolution or a Transfer Resolution. All modifications to appropriations are included in the budget comparison statements. Appropriations lapse at year-end and may not be carried over. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting requires management to make estimate and assumptions that effect reporting amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures/expenses as of year-end. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's cash and investments are comprised of the following at June 30, 2022:

Cash	
Cash on hand	\$ 150
Deposits with financial institutions	326,811
Investments	
Local Government Investment Pool	 10,825,964
	\$ 11,152,923

Deposits

The book balance of the City's bank deposits with various financial institutions was \$326,811 and the bank balance was \$341,753 at year-end. The difference is due to transactions in process. Deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount is secured in accordance with ORS 295 under a collateral program administered by the Oregon State Treasurer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the City's deposits with financial institutions for up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all demand deposits and the aggregate of all time deposit and savings accounts at each financial institution. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage are with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program. The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits (Continued)

public fund deposits if they are well capitalized, 25% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized, or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. As of June 30, 2022, \$91,753 of the City's bank balances were covered by the PFCP.

Local Government Investment Pool

The State Treasurer of the State of Oregon maintains the Oregon Short-Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool is part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, the investment funds are invested as a prudent investor would do, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short-Term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations.

The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). At June 30, 2022 the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short-Term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. The investment in the Oregon Short-Term Fund is not subject to risk evaluation. The LGIP is not rated for credit quality. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short-Term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer.

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair value of its investments by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investments through use of the Local Government Investment Pool.

Custodial Risk – Local Government Investment Pool

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateralized securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy limits the types of investments that may be held and does not allow securities to be held by the counterparty.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds.

In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short Term Fund Board, which has established diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of the investments. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP. These investments within the LGIP must be invested and managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution.

CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial Risk – Local Government Investment Pool (Continued)

Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP.

CAPITAL ASSETS

The summary of capital assets for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2021		Increases		Decreases		Balances June 30, 2022	
Non-depreciable		<u> </u>						
Land and improvements	\$	383,329	\$	33,925	\$	_	\$	417,254
Construction in progress	φ	201,507	Ψ	21,231	Ψ	(222,738)	Ψ	-
Total non-depreciable		584,836		55,156		(222,738)		417,254
Depreciable								
Buildings		693,626		-		-		693,626
Equipment		240,685		12,200		-		252,885
Infrastructure		364,322		-		222,738		587,060
Total depreciable		1,298,633		12,200		222,738		1,533,571
Accumulated depreciation								
Buildings		(231,276)		(23,452)		-		(254,728)
Equipment		(157,714)		(13,566)		-		(171,280)
Infrastructure		(32,865)		(20,090)		-		(52,955)
Total accumulated depreciation		(421,855)		(57,108)		-		(478,963)
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	1,461,614	\$	10,248	\$	-	\$	1,471,862

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

General government Public works Culture and recreation	\$ 9,666 27,908 19,534
Total	\$ 57,108

CITY OF SUBLIMITY, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

The summary of capital assets for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2021		Increases Decreases			Balances June 30, 2022		
Non-depreciable								
Land and water rights Construction in progress	\$	929,043 24,775	\$	14,541 21,535	\$	(46,310)	\$	943,584
Total non-depreciable		953,818		36,076		(46,310)		943,584
Depreciable								
Equipment		207,947		26,328		-		234,275
Water system		2,611,166		32,846		46,310		2,690,322
Sewer system		2,241,504		-				2,241,504
Total depreciable		5,060,617		59,174		46,310		5,166,101
Accumulated depreciation								
Equipment		(118,848)		(14,148)		-		(132,996)
Water system		(1,666,320)		(55,362)		-		(1,721,682)
Sewer system		(1,295,479)		(46,829)		-		(1,342,308)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,080,647)		(116,339)		-		(3,196,986)
Business-type activities								
capital assets, net	\$	2,933,788	\$	(21,089)	\$	-	\$	2,912,699

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

Water Sewer	\$ 57,752 58,587
Total	\$ 116,339

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability transactions for the year were as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2021		Issued		Matured/ Redeemed During Year		Outstanding June 30, 2022		Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities	¢	11.651	\$	14.589	¢	(11.651)	¢	14,589	¢	14,589
Compensated absences	\$	11,031	3	14,389	Э	(11,031)	Ъ	14,389	Ъ	14,389

CITY OF SUBLIMITY, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

	J	standing July 1, 2021	 Issued	Re	latured/ edeemed ring Year	tstanding June 30, 2022	e Within ne Year
Business-type Activities							
Compensated absences	\$	32,361	\$ 36,562	\$	(32,361)	\$ 36,562	\$ 36,562

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

The City sponsors a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) Plan administered by Raymond James Investments. The SEP is a defined contribution plan whereby the City contributes 12 percent to the plan based on the employee's gross pay once they are eligible. City employees are eligible to participate after completing a full six months of service and must be at least 21 years of age. The City's contribution to the SEP for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$40,247.

POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

As required by ORS 243.303(2), all retirees are allowed to continue coverage (at the retirees' expense) under the group health insurance plan, until age 65 as another post-employment benefit. The difference between the premium actually paid by retirees under the group insurance plan and the premium that they would pay if they were not included in the plan is considered to be an implicit subsidy. The implicit subsidy is not considered material to the City and the related liability has not been included in these financial statements.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to errors and omissions, automobile, damage to or destruction of assets, bodily injury and worker's compensation for which the City carries commercial insurance. There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the prior year and settled claims have not reached the level of commercial coverage in any of the past three years.

INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Budgetary interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Fund	 ansfers in	Tre	ansfers out
General	\$ -	\$	72,000
Street	-		85,500
Transient Tax (Parks)	50,000		-
Street Capital Projects	85,500		-
Parks SDC	22,000		-
Water	-		431,398
Water Construction	100,000		-
Water Capital Projects	331,398		-
Sewer	-		1,134,111
Sewer Capital Projects	 1,134,111		-
	\$ 1,723,009	\$	1,723,009

CITY OF SUBLIMITY, OREGON NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

INTERFUND TRANSFERS (Continued)

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in the other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

COMMITMENTS

The City has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Stayton regarding sewage services. Under the agreement, the City agrees to maintain a partnership with the City of Stayton to plan, finance, and operate a Wastewater Treatment Plant. The City has agreed to pay a percentage of the annual debt service of two loans from the U.S. Department of Agriculture and one loan from the Department of Environmental Quality. The loan proceeds are being used to improve the City of Stayton's sewage collection system. The City's proportionate share of the debt service, based on its share of the average annual flow at the Wastewater Treatment Plan for the year ended June 30, 2022, amounted to \$191,853. The City's share of the debt service for the year ending June 30, 2022 is projected to be \$200,000, paid in monthly installments of \$16,650.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

		Budget 2	4 <i>mo</i> i	unts			
	(Original		Final	Actual	V_{i}	ariance
REVENUES							
Taxes and assessments	\$	188,271	\$	188,271	\$ 202,950	\$	14,679
Franchise fees		99,000		99,000	115,793		16,793
Licenses and permits		28,435		28,435	50,799		22,364
Fines and forfeitures		200		200	-		(200)
Intergovernmental		77,500		77,500	140,197		62,697
Interest		7,500		7,500	11,283		3,783
Miscellaneous		12,510		12,510	 9,517		(2,993)
Total Revenues		413,416		413,416	530,539		117,123
EXPENDITURES							
Administration		269,250		269,250	223,777		45,473
General operations		206,591		206,591	151,901		54,690
Contingency		219,165		219,165	 -		219,165
Total Expenditures		695,006		695,006	 375,678		319,328
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(281,590)		(281,590)	154,861		436,451
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USI	ES)						
Transfers out		(72,000)		(72,000)	 (72,000)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(353,590)		(353,590)	82,861		436,451
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,180,168		1,180,168	 1,291,046		110,878
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	826,578	\$	826,578	\$ 1,373,907	\$	547,329

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – STREET FUND YE AR ENDED, HINE 20, 2022

		Budget A	1 <i>mou</i>	ints			
	(Driginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental	\$	180,000	\$	180,000	\$ 247,579	\$	67,579
Charges for services		3,800		3,800	5,680		1,880
Licenses and permits		100		100	200		100
Interest		2,400		2,400	 2,022		(378)
Total Revenues		186,300		186,300	255,481		69,181
EXPENDITURES							
Street operations		239,998		239,998	128,867		111,131
Capital outlay		15,500		49,426	40,026		9,400
Contingency		67,949		34,023	 -		34,023
Total Expenditures		323,447		323,447	 168,893		154,554
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(137,147)		(137,147)	86,588		223,735
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)						
Transfers out		(85,500)		(85,500)	 (85,500)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(222,647)		(222,647)	1,088		223,735
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		297,647		297,647	 351,415		53,768
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	75,000	\$	75,000	\$ 352,503	\$	277,503

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – STREET SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget A	1 <i>mou</i>	ints		
	0	Driginal		Final	 Actual	 Variance
REVENUES						
System development charges	\$	59,800	\$	59,800	\$ 88,798	\$ 28,998
Intergovernmental		100,000		100,000	-	(100,000)
Interest		5,400		5,400	 5,829	 429
Total Revenues		165,200		165,200	94,627	(70,573)
EXPENDITURES						
Operations		165,000		165,000	310	164,690
Capital outlay		975,177		975,177	 -	 975,177
Total Expenditures		1,140,177		1,140,177	 310	 1,139,867
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(974,977)		(974,977)	94,317	1,069,294
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		974,977		974,977	 989,928	 14,951
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 1,084,245	\$ 1,084,245

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STORM WATER SDC FUND VE AB ENDED HINE 30, 2022

		Budget 2	4 <i>moı</i>	ints		
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	 ariance
REVENUES						
System development charges	\$	16,000	\$	16,000	\$ 24,650	\$ 8,650
Interest		2,400	,	2,400	 2,725	 325
Total Revenues		18,400		18,400	27,375	8,975
EXPENDITURES						
Operations		5,000		5,000	-	5,000
Capital outlay		505,464		505,464	 21,954	483,510
Total Expenditures		510,464		510,464	 21,954	 488,510
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(492,064)		(492,064)	5,421	497,485
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		492,064		492,064	 490,665	 (1,399)
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 496,086	\$ 496,086

CITY OF SUBLIMITY, OREGON COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Speci	al Revenue		Capi	tal Projects			
		nsient Tax (Parks)	et Capital Projects	P	ark SDC	Sto	orm Water SDC	 Total
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	110,927	\$ 85,618	\$	456,661	\$	496,086	\$ 1,149,292
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities:	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
<i>Fund Balance:</i> Restricted for:								
Highways and streets		-	85,618		-		-	85,618
Culture and recreation Capital projects		110,927	-		456,661		- 496,086	 110,927 952,747
Total Fund Balance		110,927	 85,618		456,661		496,086	 1,149,292
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	110,927	\$ 85,618	\$	456,661	\$	496,086	\$ 1,149,292

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	2	Special		Capi	tal Projects			
		nsient Tax (Parks)	et Capital rojects	P	ark SDC	Sto	orm Water SDC	Total
REVENUES Taxes and assessments Licenses and permits System development charges Intergovernmental Interest	\$	54,694 8,142 5,415 471	\$ - - - - 118	\$	- 104,820 12,405 2,217	\$	24,650	\$ 54,694 8,142 129,470 17,820 5,531
Total Revenues		68,722	 118		119,442		27,375	 215,657
<i>EXPENDITURES</i> Current Culture and recreation Capital outlay		61,992 6,100	 -		15,506		21,954	 61,992 43,560
Total Expenditures		68,092	 -		15,506		21,954	 105,552
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		630	118		103,936		5,421	110,105
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US Transfers in	SES)	50,000	 85,500		22,000			 157,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	i i	50,630	85,618		125,936		5,421	267,605
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		60,297	-		330,725		490,665	881,687
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	110,927	\$ 85,618	\$	456,661	\$	496,086	\$ 1,149,292

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – TRANSIENT TAX (PARKS) FUND

		Budget A	4 <i>mou</i>	ints			
	0	riginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
Taxes and assessments	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$ 54,694	\$	34,694
Licenses and permits		5,200		5,200	8,142		2,942
Intergovernmental		-		-	5,415		5,415
Interest		120		120	 471		351
Total Revenues		25,320		25,320	68,722		43,402
EXPENDITURES							
Parks operations		94,563		94,563	61,992		32,571
Capital outlay		14,500		14,500	6,100		8,400
Contingency		8,063		8,063	 -		8,063
Total Expenditures		117,126		117,126	 68,092		49,034
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(91,806)		(91,806)	630		92,436
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)						
Transfers in		50,000		50,000	 50,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(41,806)		(41,806)	50,630		92,436
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		41,806		41,806	 60,297		18,491
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 110,927	\$	110,927

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL –STREET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget A	1 <i>mou</i>	nts				
	0	riginal		Final	Ŀ	<i>actual</i>	Va	riance
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	250	\$	250	\$	118	\$	(132)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		85,750		85,750		-		85,750
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(85,500)		(85,500)		118		85,618
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)							
Transfers in		85,500		85,500		85,500		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		85,618		85,618
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	85,618	\$	85,618

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PARK SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget A	1 <i>moi</i>	ints			
	(Driginal		Final	 Actual	V	ariance
REVENUES							
System development charges	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$ 104,820	\$	24,820
Intergovernmental		28,000		28,000	12,405		(15,595)
Interest		1,400		1,400	 2,217		817
Total Revenues		109,400		109,400	119,442		10,042
EXPENDITURES							
Operations		50,000		50,000	15,506		34,494
Capital outlay		395,001		395,001	 -		395,001
Total Expenditures		445,001		445,001	 15,506		429,495
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(335,601)		(335,601)	103,936		439,537
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE Transfers in	(S)	22,000		22,000	22,000		_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(313,601)		(313,601)	 125,936		439,537
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		313,601		313,601	 330,725		17,124
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 456,661	\$	456,661

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -SEWER OPERATIONS COMBINED

46,703 14,027 2,385 53,115 77,748 19,470 97,218	\$	187,404 6,735 - 194,139 - -	\$	1,562 - 1,562 - -	\$	1,146,703 187,404 22,324 2,385 1,358,816 777,748 19,470 797,218
14,027 2,385 53,115 77,748 19,470 97,218	\$ 	6,735	\$ 	-	\$	187,404 22,324 2,385 1,358,816 777,748 19,470
2,385 53,115 77,748 19,470 97,218		6,735		-		22,324 2,385 1,358,816 777,748 19,470
2,385 53,115 77,748 19,470 97,218		-		-		2,385 1,358,816 777,748 19,470
53,115 77,748 19,470 97,218		194,139 - - -		1,562 - -		1,358,816 777,748 19,470
77,748 19,470 97,218		194,139 - - -		-		777,748 19,470
97,218		-		-		19,470
97,218				-		19,470
97,218		-		-		
		-		-		797,218
5,897						
5,897						
		194,139		1,562		561,598
-		-		1,134,111		1,134,111
34,111)		-		-		(1,134,111)
34,111)		-		1,134,111		-
58,214)		194,139		1,135,673		561,598
92,063		1,094,763		-		3,686,826
23,849	\$	1,288,902	\$	1,135,673		4,248,424
3	34,111) 34,111) 68,214) 92,063 23,849	34,111) 68,214) 92,063 23,849	34,111) - 68,214) 194,139 92,063 1,094,763 23,849 \$ 1,288,902	34,111) - 68,214) 194,139 92,063 1,094,763 23,849 \$ 1,288,902 \$	34,111) - 1,134,111 68,214) 194,139 1,135,673 92,063 1,094,763 -	34,111) - - 34,111) - 1,134,111 68,214) 194,139 1,135,673 92,063 1,094,763 - 23,849 \$ 1,288,902 \$ 1,135,673

Capital assets, net Compensated absences	 1,588,315 (17,946)
FUND NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 5,818,793

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - SEWER FUND

	Budget A	<i>Amounts</i>		
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance
REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 1,007,230	\$ 1,007,230	\$ 1,146,703	\$ 139,473
Interest	12,000	12,000	14,027	2,027
Intergovernmental			2,385	2,385
Total Revenues	1,019,230	1,019,230	1,163,115	143,885
EXPENDITURES				
Sewer operations	1,005,247	1,005,247	777,748	227,499
Capital outlay	28,000	35,270	19,470	15,800
Contingency	523,651	516,381		516,381
Total Expenditures	1,556,898	1,556,898	797,218	759,680
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(537,668)	(537,668)	365,897	903,565
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers out	(1,134,111)	(1,134,111)	(1,134,111)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,671,779)	(1,671,779)	(768,214)	903,565
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	2,471,779	2,471,779	2,592,063	120,284
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$ 800,000	\$ 800,000	\$ 1,823,849	\$ 1,023,849

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SEWER SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget 2	4 <i>moi</i>	ints				
	0	Driginal		Final	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
System development charges	\$	126,000	\$	126,000	\$	187,404	\$	61,404
Interest		6,000		6,000		6,735		735
Total Revenues		132,000		132,000		194,139		62,139
EXPENDITURES								
Operations		73,000		73,000		-		73,000
Capital outlay		1,122,874		1,122,874		-		1,122,874
Total Expenditures		1,195,874		1,195,874				1,195,874
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(1,063,874)		(1,063,874)		194,139		1,258,013
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		1,063,874		1,063,874		1,094,763		30,889
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$		\$	1,288,902	\$	1,288,902

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SEWER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	1,562	\$	(438)
Total Revenues		2,000		2,000		1,562		(438)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		1,136,111		1,136,111		-		1,136,111
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(1,134,111)		(1,134,111)		1,562		1,135,673
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USI	ES)							
Transfers in		1,134,111		1,134,111		1,134,111		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		1,135,673		1,135,673
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		-				-		-
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,135,673	\$	1,135,673

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -WATER OPERATIONS COMBINED

		Water	W	ater SDC		Water nstruction	ter Capital Projects		Total
OPERATING REVENUES	¢	(((100	¢		¢			¢	(((100
Charges for services	\$	666,408	\$	-	\$	-	-	\$	666,408
System development charges		-		195,428		-	-		195,428
Intergovernmental		5,350				-	307,851		313,201
Interest		4,336		6,220		962	1,449		12,967
Miscellaneous		16,589		-		-	 -		16,589
Total Operating Revenues		692,683		201,648		962	309,300		1,204,593
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Water operations		325,674		-		-	-		325,674
Capital outlay		42,933		-		-	 33,549		76,482
Total Operating Expenses		368,607		-		-	 33,549		402,156
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		324,076		201,648		962	275,751		802,437
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Transfers in		-		-		100,000	331,398		431,398
Transfers out		(431,398)		-		-	 -		(431,398
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(431,398)		-		100,000	 331,398		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(107,322)		201,648		100,962	607,149		802,437
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		674,243		998,013		147,234	-		1,819,490
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	566,921	\$	1,199,661	\$	248,196	\$ 607,149		2,621,927

Capital assets, net	1,324,384
Compensated absences	(18,616)
FUND NET POSITION, end of year	\$ 3,927,695

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL – WATER FUND YE AB ENDED, HINE 20, 2022

	Budget Amounts								
	6	Driginal		Final		Actual	V	ariance	
REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	566,200	\$	566,200	\$	666,408	\$	100,208	
Intergovernmental		-		-		5,350		5,350	
Interest		3,000		3,000		4,336		1,336	
Miscellaneous		10,200		10,200		16,589		6,389	
Total Revenues		579,400		579,400		692,683		113,283	
EXPENDITURES									
Water operations		393,618		393,618		325,674		67,944	
Capital outlay		35,000		63,805		42,933		20,872	
Contingency		178,240		149,435		-		149,435	
Total Expenditures		606,858		606,858		368,607		238,251	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)									
EXPENDITURES		(27,458)		(27,458)		324,076		351,534	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(431,398)		(431,398)		(431,398)		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(458,856)		(458,856)		(107,322)		351,534	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		608,856		608,856		674,243		65,387	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	566,921	\$	416,921	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER SDC FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budget Amounts							
	0	Driginal		Final	Actual		Variance	
REVENUES								
System development charges	\$	130,000	\$	130,000	\$	195,428	\$	65,428
Interest		5,400		5,400		6,220		820
Total Revenues		135,400		135,400		201,648		66,248
EXPENDITURES								
Operations		85,000		85,000		-		85,000
Capital outlay		990,882		990,882		-		990,882
Total Expenditures		1,075,882		1,075,882		-		1,075,882
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(940,482)		(940,482)		201,648		1,142,130
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		940,482		940,482		998,013		57,531
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,199,661	\$	1,199,661

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER CONSTRUCTION FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budget A	4 <i>mo</i> i	ints				
	0	riginal		Final	Actual		V	ariance
REVENUES								
Interest	\$	600	\$	600	\$	962	\$	362
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		247,764		247,764		-		247,764
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		(247,164)		(247,164)		962		248,126
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
(USES)								
Transfers in		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(147,164)		(147,164)		100,962		248,126
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year	147,164			147,164	147,234			70
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$	248,196	\$	248,196

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE (BUDGETARY BASIS) -BUDGET AND ACTUAL - WATER CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YE AP ENDED JUNE 20, 2022

		Budget A	1 <i>mou</i>	ints				
	0	Driginal	Final		 Actual	Variance		
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	280,000	\$	280,000	\$ 307,851	\$	27,851	
Interest		500		500	 1,449		949	
Total Revenues		280,500		280,500	309,300		28,800	
EXPENDITURES								
Operations		5,000		5,000	-		5,000	
Capital outlay		606,898		606,898	 33,549		573,349	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(331,398)		(331,398)	275,751		602,149	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		331,398		331,398	331,398		-	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	 607,149		602,149	
FUND BALANCE, beginning of year		-		-	 -		-	
FUND BALANCE, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 607,149	\$	602,149	

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

The Honorable Jim Kingsbury, Mayor and Members of the City Council 245 NW Johnson Street P.O. Box 146 Sublimity, Oregon 97385

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the City of Sublimity, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2022.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which include, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the council members and management of the City and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

GROVE, MUELLER & SWANK, P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

By:

Ryan T. Pasquarella, A Shareholder November 22, 2022